

# 2016 Planting Sites and Details



TreeCanada  
ArbresCanada

Regions	Location	Species	Environmental Impact and Important Notes	5 <sup>th</sup> Year Survival
<b>Atlantic</b>	Upper Cape, NB	Red Spruce, Black Spruce, White Pine	Restoration of diverse Acadian Forest on degraded lands. Restored forested sites plays a key role in wildlife connectivity and migration patterns.	<b>66%</b>
<b>Quebec</b>	Pontiac, QC	Red Pine	Reforestation of site after disturbance. Benefits to wildlife, hydrology and biodiversity of forest.	<b>81%</b>
<b>Ontario</b>	Sudbury, ON	Various including staghorn sumac, tamarack, dogwood, common elderberry, choke cherry	Trees provide shelter to local wildlife, stabilizes soil from further erosion, improve water quality of local lakes, and boosts diversity within the forests.	<b>76%</b>
<b>Prairies</b>	Town of Rivers, MB	Jack Pine	Enhanced watershed protection, controlled soil erosion, shelter, shade, noise/dust reduction, recreational benefits, education and wildlife habitat.	<b>66%</b>
<b>British Columbia</b>	100 Mile House, BC	Hybrid Spruce, Lodgepole Pine	Provided cover and shade for wildlife, improved hydrology, enhanced biodiversity of the forest, and promoted nesting for bird species	<b>100%</b>